

## <u>Ultra-Fast Transmissive (UFT<sup>™</sup>) Real-Time Beam Monitor for FLASH-RT</u> <u>and Patient QA</u>: Tracking Beam Position, Movement, Intensity Profile, Dosimetry in Real-Time, Upstream & Downstream from Nozzle or Collimator

July 2, 2021 – Integrated Sensors, LLC of Ottawa Hills, Ohio ("I-S") announces the development of its ultra-fast transmissive (**UFT**<sup>TM</sup>) beam monitor technology for ionizing *particle and photon* external beam radiotherapy (RT) including **FLASH-RT** (e.g., protons, photons, carbon & helium ions, neutrons, etc.). UFT<sup>TM</sup> devices can monitor both spot and raster pencil-beam scanning and can operate either upstream or downstream from the nozzle or collimator providing exceptional performance with self-calibration and high resistance to radiation damage. Results show order-of-magnitude advantages over ionization chambers for beam profile readout with true 2D position resolution, ultra-high dose rate operation, and beam hardening. In addition to I-S, the project development team includes scientists from Loma Linda Univ. Medical School (Biomedical Engineering) and Univ. of Michigan (Physics & Radiation Oncology), with funding provided to I-S from the NIH/National Cancer Institute and the U.S. Dept. of Energy (Office of Nuclear Physics). Prototypes for radiotherapy are being designed to demonstrate a **26 cm x 30 cm** active detection area. Smaller *upstream* prototypes are being developed for vacuum beamline operation with micron-level position resolution and intensity/shape distributions out to at least three sigma's from the beam center, and with minimal beam energy straggling. High resolution, **10 µs images for proton beams have been demonstrated for FLASH therapy**. Preliminary specifications are:

<u>Real-Time UFT<sup>TM</sup> Monitor Streaming Readout/Analysis</u>: ~**0.1 ms**, continuous tracking of downstream **beam position, intensity profile, movement, fluence/external dosimetry & angular divergence**.

Downstream UFT<sup>™</sup> Monitor External Enclosure Depth (in beam direction): ~4-5 inches

<u>"True" 2D-Position & Ultra-High Beam Profile Resolution</u>: **<10 μm** (depending on readout/update time)

Proton Beam Energy Loss through UFT<sup>TM</sup> Monitor:

- < 0.30 MeV (downstream) at 70 MeV\*, and ≤ 0.03 MeV (upstream, in vacuum) at 70 MeV
- < 0.18 MeV (downstream) at 140 MeV\*, and ≤ 0.02 MeV (upstream, in vacuum) at 140 MeV
- < 0.14 MeV (downstream) at 210 MeV\*, and ≤ 0.01 MeV (upstream, in vacuum) at 210 MeV
- <u>Proton Beam Gaussian profile</u>,  $\sigma = 3.500 \text{ mm}$ . Lateral Spread ( $\sigma$ ) 70-cm downstream from nozzle due to monitor materials (1<sup>st</sup> column); due to air (2<sup>nd</sup> column); and due to monitor + air (3<sup>rd</sup> column):

at   70 MeV*:  ≤ <b>0.024 mm</b> (monitor);	<b>3.875 mm</b> (70-cm air);	<i>3.899 mm</i> (monitor + 70-cm air)
at 140 MeV*: ≤ <b>0.006 mm</b> (monitor);	<b>3.612 mm</b> (70-cm air);	<b>3.618 mm</b> (monitor + 70-cm air)
at 210 MeV*: ≤ <b>0.003 mm</b> (monitor);	<b>3.550 mm</b> (70-cm air);	<b>3.553 mm</b> (monitor + 70-cm air)

\*Calculated beam energy loss & lateral spread via TOPAS/Geant4 (<u>http://www.topasmc.org/</u>) simulations.

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